

unique educational and cognitive environment that can be used to solve various tasks of learning foreign languages such as cognitive, informative and cultural. Modern computer telecommunications can provide not only knowledge transfer but also access to various educational information sources. Sometimes this process is much more effective than the traditional means of training.

The use of technical means when learning foreign languages allows us to solve such tasks as organization of communication in the natural language environment; development of dialogue and monologue speech skills; expansion of vocabulary; a rapid exchange of information; formation of self-education skills.

The introduction of Internet-based technology in the process of education significantly diversifies the process of information perception and processing. Due to the computer, the Internet and multimedia means students have a unique opportunity to master a large amount of information and also its subsequent analysis and gradation. The motivational basis of educational activity significantly expands and allows us to reach a new level of communicative competence, which corresponds the up-to-date requirements of specialists' professional training. All in all, technology makes us mobile and opens up new opportunities for developing our language as a means of communication providing the possibility to learn new languages and become more flexible.

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POSSIBLE FUTURE OF FOREIGN LANGUAGES

To date, the language issue is very widespread. The dialogues and debates about the need to learning foreign languages are constantly maintained. People try to determine which language is the best. Most lean towards the fact that the international language should be English, firstly because it is easy to learn and secondly it is quite widespread. Some people believe that the international language must be the most used language. Now, it is Chinese.

We decided to consider the theory of possible development of the international languages. Language will lose the territorial sign and be determined by profession. It is the main idea of the theory. Of course, it is not going to happen for one or two century. However, the evidences of the legality of this assumption exist. Consider some of them.

International conferences are usually held in English. If the theme of the event belongs to certain professional groups, the weak knowledge of English will not become an obstacle to understanding what the speaker tells. The basic idea of the narrator is clear from the words belonging to the professional vocabulary.

Another example is a conversation between different professional groups. If two people of the same profession, but different nationalities, need to explain a problem or task, they will quickly find a common language. This is due to the internationalization of professional terms. Every industry has its own terminology for identification of the specific actions, objects and phenomena.

The advantage of such languages distribution is ease to make a choice. Teenagers try to choose future profession, and then most of them go to Universities. While studying there they gain knowledge not only related with professional skills, but also they improve the level of the language. Students can continue further self-development through international courses and conferences.

The main problem of this theory is the lack of a common language. It will be difficult to establish communication between people of different professions or with children. Without a common language you cannot understand a locksmith or a mechanic, who explains the reason for the crash. Moreover, the process of acquiring an additional profession is much complicated.

All of this points to the fact that in the distant future language distribution will be possible on a professional basis. But this classification will only be additional, but not the main. As a result of this research, we propose additions to this theory. In the future, the language may be divided on a professional basis, but must be a common communication language for people of different professions.